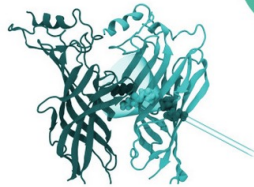
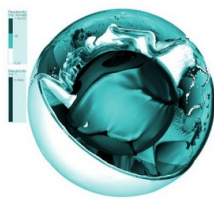
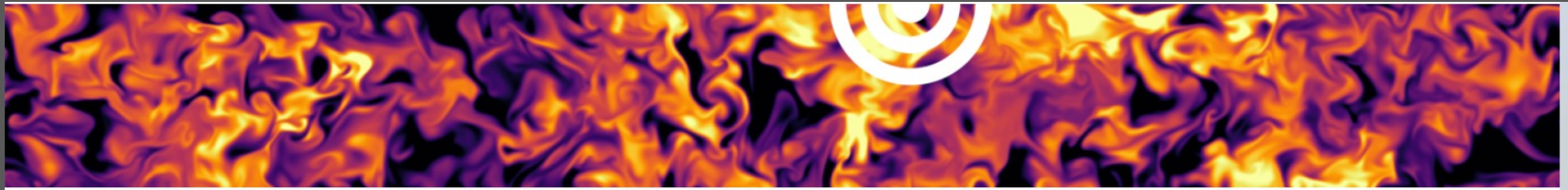
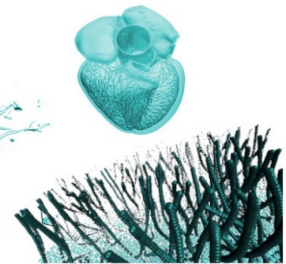
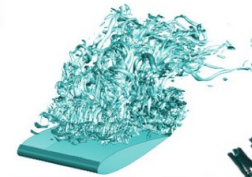


ARCHER2 Celebration of Science 7th - 8th March 2024



Celebration
of Science



ARCHER2 Celebration of Science
7th - 8th March 2024

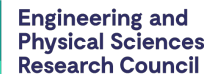
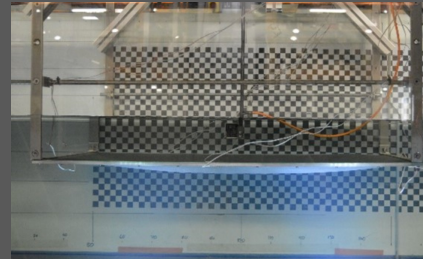
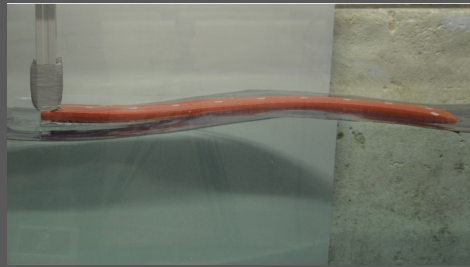
Introduction to the HEC-WSI

Dr. Raynold Tan¹, Dr. Wendi Liu², Dr. Jony Castagna¹,
Dr. Omar A. Mahfoze²

1. Science and Technology Facilities Council (STFC) , Hartree Centre
2. Science and Technology Facilities Council (STFC), Scientific Computing Department

Prof. Deborah Greaves

University of Plymouth, Centre for Coastal and Ocean Science and Engineering



High end computing consortium for wave structure interaction (HEC-WSI)

- **Started:** 3rd January 2023
- **Ends:** 2nd January 2027
- **Funded by:** Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council (EPSRC) [EP/X035751/1]
- **Motivation:** A new/emerging consortium to support the WSI community which is seeing rapidly increasing benefit from the use of HPC for modelling and simulation
- **Aims to:**
 - **Build a network** of computational researchers, and wider WSI community members, to **facilitate** world-class high end computing research in the field of WSI;
 - **Provide leadership** in developing strategic agendas for the WSI community;
 - **Enhance** the suitability of WSI software for high end computing;
 - **Provide a forum** to share knowledge and expertise;
 - Provide central core resource and **maximise community involvement** through inclusive and flexible access, opportunities and support.

HEC-WSI Management Group



HEC-WSI Chair: Prof. Deborah Greaves (University of Plymouth)



HEC-WSI Project Partners



Swansea University
Prifysgol Abertawe



Maynooth University
National University of Ireland Maynooth

Lancaster University



CIMNE^R
INTERNATIONAL CENTRE
FOR NUMERICAL METHODS
IN ENGINEERING

engys[®]



National Research Council of Italy

AquaSpira

ARUP



CARDIFF UNIVERSITY
PRIFYSGOL CAERDYDD

UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD



CCFE
CULHAM CENTRE FOR FUSION ENERGY



University of Stuttgart
Germany



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE

UK acm
UK Association for Computational Mechanics

CATAPULT
Offshore Renewable Energy

WARWICK
THE UNIVERSITY OF WARWICK



University of Strathclyde
Glasgow



University of Southampton



Imperial College
London

Open  CFD[®]



UNIVERSITY OF EXETER

Manchester Metropolitan University

UNIVERSITY OF BATH

CITY
EST. 1894

MANCHESTER
1824
The University of Manchester

Newcastle University



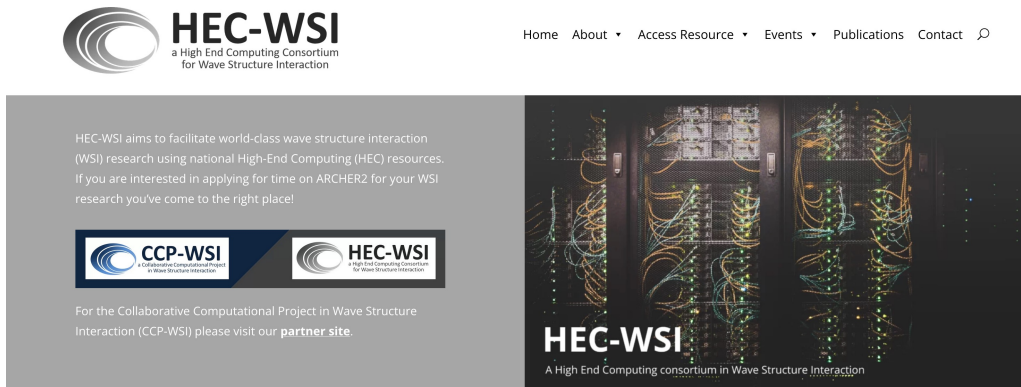
Science and Technology Facilities Council



Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council

HEC-WSI Activities

- **Website:** <https://hec-wsi.ac.uk/>
- **Mailing List:** <https://hec-wsi.ac.uk/contact/> (combined CCP-WSI, HEC-WSI, SIG-WSI list)



- **Role of CoSeC in HEC-WSI**

- Provide computational science support to the entire community (e.g. Scientific software development, HPC application engineering, Training)
- Helping to enable computational infrastructure (e.g. website, data collation)
- Undertaking specific workplan within the project

CoSeC Activities

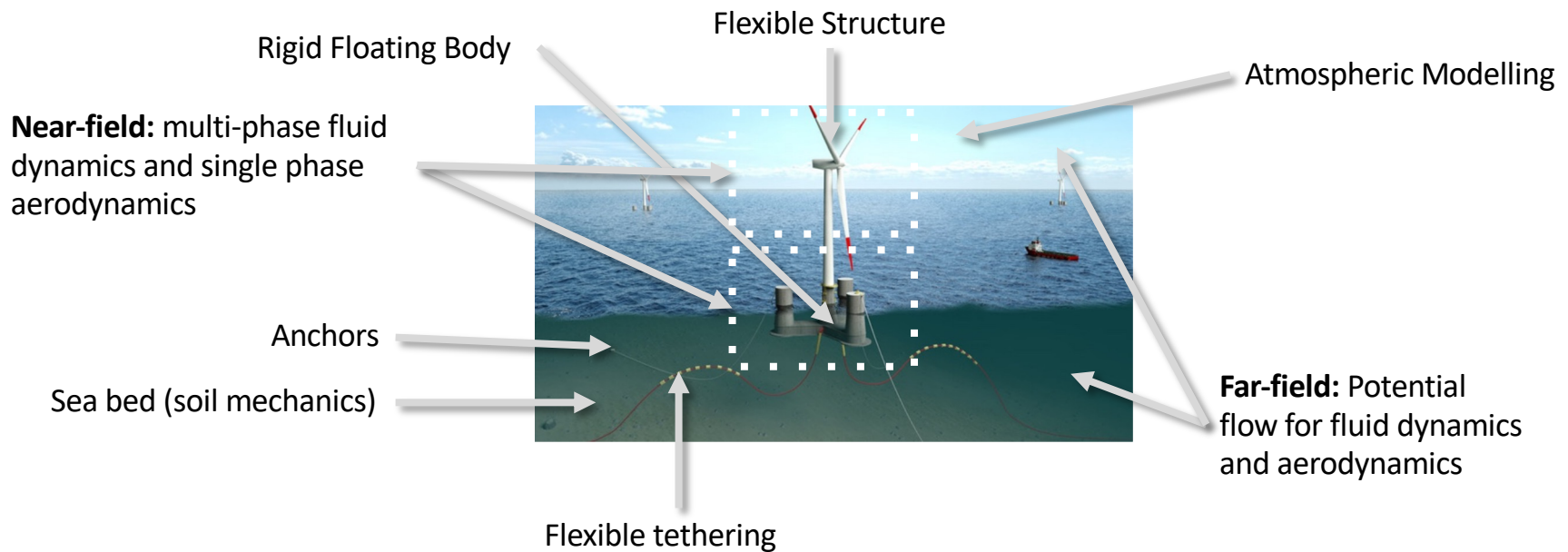


www.cosec.stfc.ac.uk

• Programme of Work:

- WP1: Porting, Optimisation and code developments for WSI
 - Looking at key codes like OpenFOAM, ParaFEM, FEniCS and performing WSI-specific profiling on ARCHER2, looking at developments in GPU acceleration and sharing best practices and directly optimising WSI community codes.
- WP2: Scientific use case development and sharing
 - **Fully-coupled use case – floating offshore wind turbine (FOWT)**
 - Showcase and provide a demonstrator for developments made in WP1
 - Openly accessible and shared as a benchmark
 - Used to explore machine learning techniques for low-cost surrogate model solutions
- WP3: HPC Access Management
- WP4: Training and Dissemination

Coupled Multi-physics WSI Problem Definition: Floating Offshore Wind Turbine (FOWT)



https://www.ccp-wsi.ac.uk/data_repository/test_cases/test_case_015

Coupling Framework

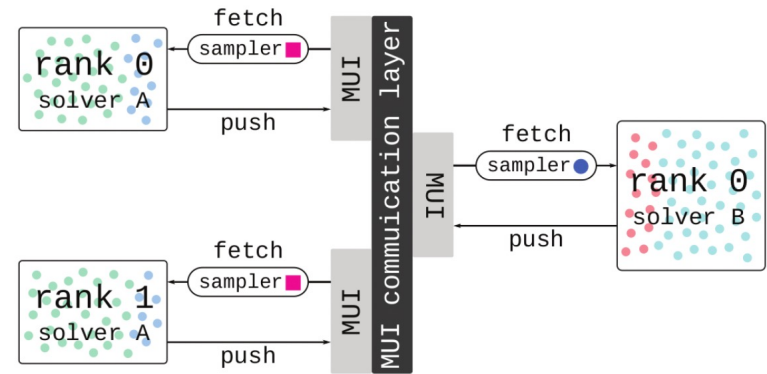
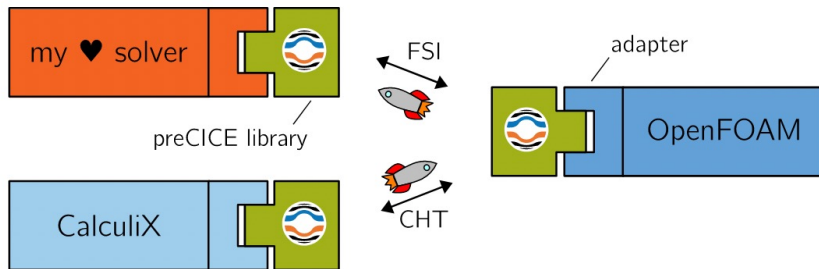
Monolithic approach

Pros	Cons
No communication overhead between solvers since both set of equations are solved as one linear system for each time step.	Require significant modification to existing solver to couple another set of equations for a different physics
No coupling iteration required for each timestep but solving the fully coupled linear system may require more iterations	Nature of coupling approach provides a tightly coupled and two way coupled system which may not be required

Partitioned approach

Pros	Cons
Choice of explicit or implicit coupling depending on the physics of the problem	May incur significant computational cost due to the coupling iteration between solvers in the case of implicit coupling
Use of existing specialized solver to solve the physical problem considered	May incur significant communication overhead between solvers depending on size of interface boundary (e.g. volumetric coupling)

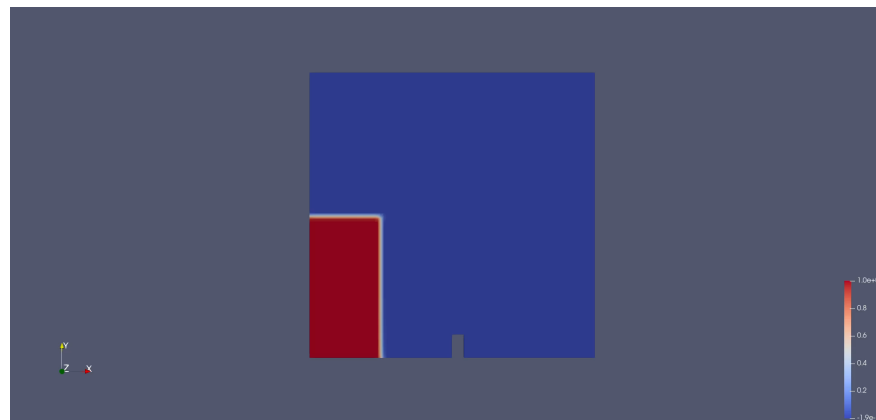
Coupling Framework



<https://precice.org/>

<https://mxui.github.io/>

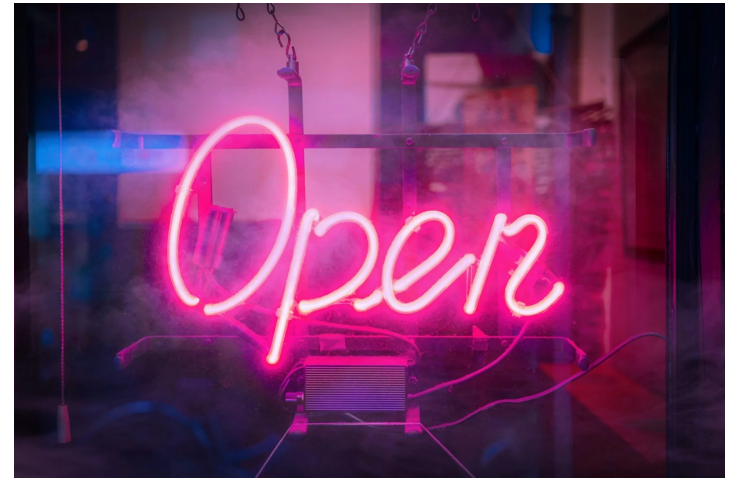
2D flexible Dambreak



WP3: HPC Access Management

HEC-WSI Access Modes

- The HEC-WSI currently offers 3 access modes (plus a dedicated allocation for early career researchers (ECRs) incl. training and support):
 - Porting & Benchmarking (PB) (< 3 months);
 - Code Development (CD) (< 6 months);
 - Project Access (PA) (< 12 months);
 - ECRs Access (< 12 months).
- Open to international and industry collaborators provided the ARCHER2 usage aligns with the aims of the HEC-WSI



<https://hec-wsi.ac.uk/access-resource/access-modes/>

WP4: Training and Dissemination

Recent Training Activities

- CCP/HEC-WSI Code Coupling hackathons – June/July 2022
- CCP/HEC-WSI OpenFOAM Training workshop – June 2023



OpenFOAM Parallel Performance Engineering Workshop

[Course Material](#) [Agenda](#)

📅 5 - 6 June 2023

🕒 Time TBC

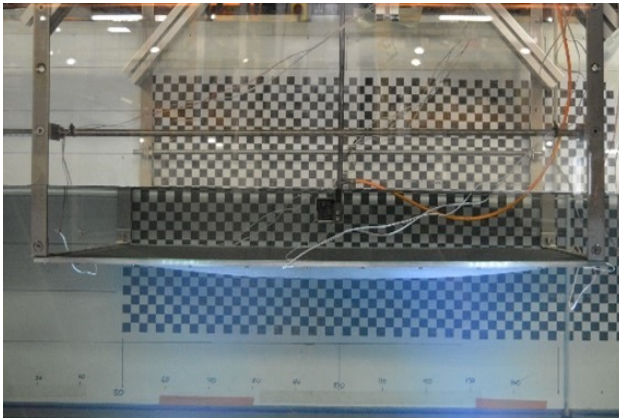
📍 Daresbury Laboratory, Keckwick Lane, WA4 4AD

OpenFOAM

Recent HEC-WSI Supported Examples

Focused Wave Interactions with a submerged flexible membrane (CCP-WSI Blind Test 4)

- Understand how thin flexible membrane displaced under equilibrium and focused wave conditions
- Benchmarking two way coupled FSI Model on Archer 2 HPC



Experimental figure is obtained from https://www.ccpwsi.ac.uk/data_repository/test_cases/test_case_014

Recent HEC-WSI Supported Examples

Investigating flow field characteristics around Artificial reefs (Reef Cube[®])

Amir Bordbar¹, Vasilios Kelefouras¹, Yeaw Chu Lee¹

¹University of Plymouth

Access mode: HEC-WSI partner (UoP)

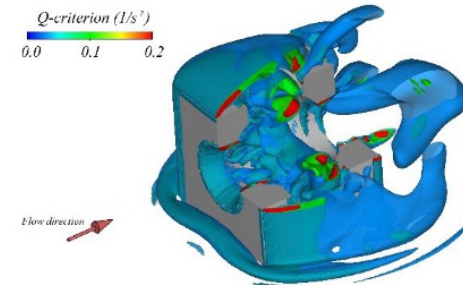
- Funded by R&D solution fund (university of Plymouth) and ENGYS Ltd.
- Supported by ENGYS Ltd. and ARC Marine
- Numerical investigations into flow field characteristics both around and within these structures using OpenFOAM.
- Various configurations and orientations are explored to identify the most suitable structures in terms of flow velocities for marine organisms and assess the positional stability of these cubes.
- This research aims to optimize the artificial reef environment for marine life.



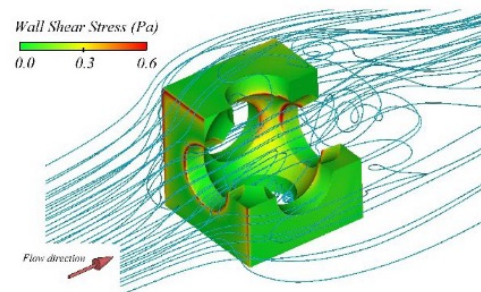
(a) Artificial reefs attract fish and other aquatic organisms.



(b) In favorable condition, marine organisms grow on artificial reefs.



(c) Formation of vortices and eddies in the presence of the reef cube.



(d) Shear stress on reef surface and flow field around it using streamlines.

Recent HEC-WSI Supported Examples

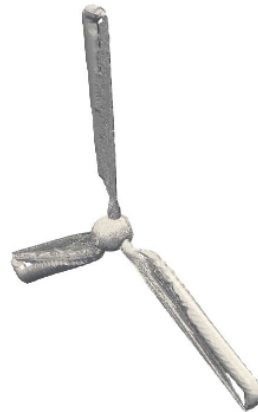
CFD investigation of an isolated surging wind turbine rotor and a surging wind turbine rotor in a wake

Aleksandr Tsvetkov¹

¹University of Plymouth

Access mode: HEC-WSI partner (UoP)

- MSc Dissertation project (Offshore Renewable Energy Engineering, University of Plymouth - Supervised by Dr Edward Ransley)
- Blade resolved wind turbine simulation using OpenFOAM
- Prescribed surge motion
- Isolated and in wake (cyclic boundary condition)



Recent HEC-WSI Supported Examples

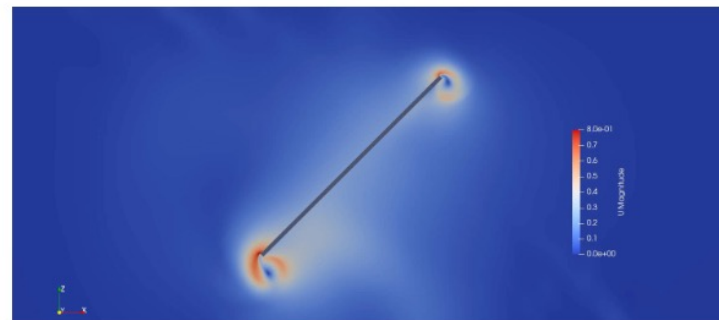
Motion reduction strategies for SSP foundations for FOWT

Ignacio Pregnan Johannesen¹, Edward Ransley¹, Martyn Hann¹, Shanshan Cheng¹,
Deborah Greaves¹

¹University of Plymouth, UK

Access mode: HEC-WSI partner (UoP)

- PhD project (University of Plymouth)
- Focusing on pitch motion (rotation).
- Additional surfaces to: increase viscous damping forces on the platform; increase added mass effects and shift the platform's natural frequency to enable smaller lightweight platform concepts.
- Simulations using OpenFOAM.



Recent HEC-WSI Supported Examples

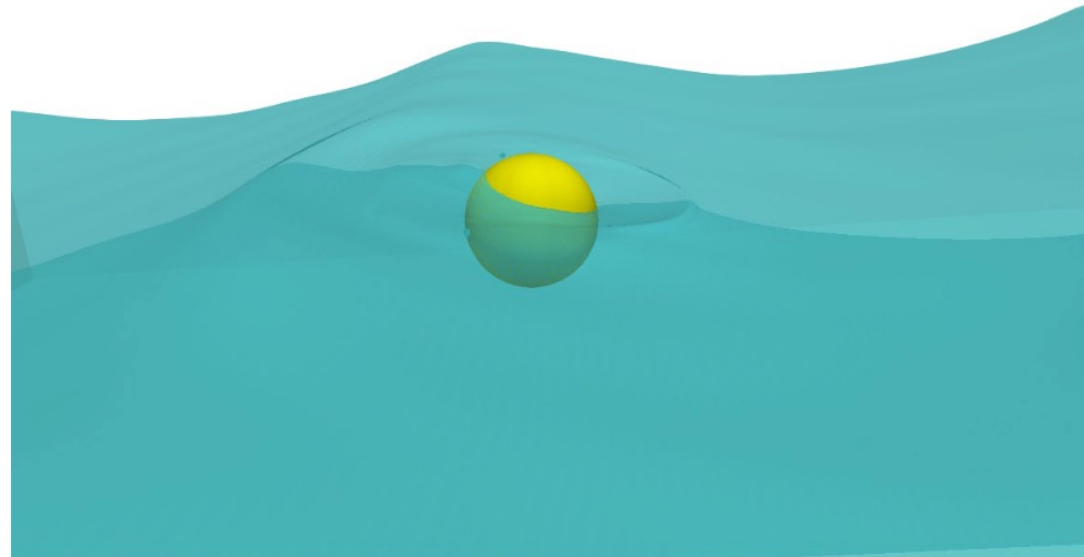
IEA OES Task 10 – ‘Kramer Sphere’ w. excitation force

Scott Brown¹, Edward Ransley¹

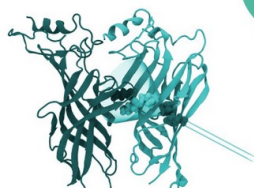
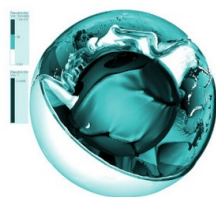
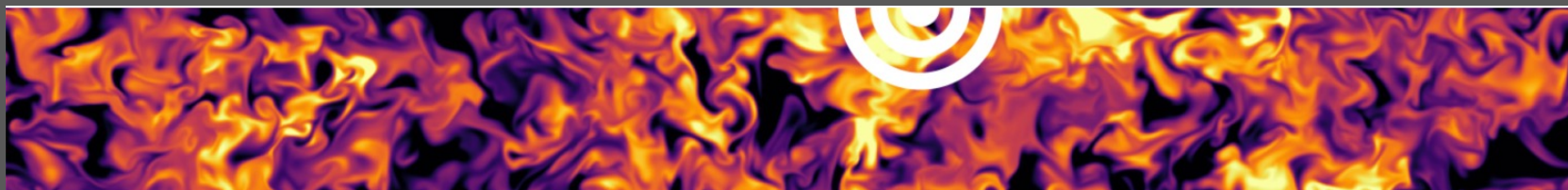
¹University of Plymouth, UK

Access mode: HEC-WSI partner (UoP)

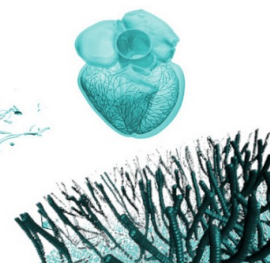
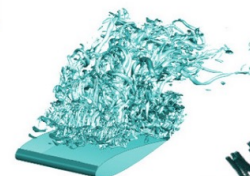
- University of Plymouth’s contribution to the IEA OES Task 10 on WEC Modelling Verification and Validation
- Simulations using OpenFOAM



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Thank you for your attention!

